

I. Using the differentiation formulas find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for each of the following:

1. $y = \sqrt{x^3}$

2. $y = \cos(x)$

3. $y = x \sin(x)$

4. $y = \frac{(x-1)}{(x-2)}$

5. $y = \frac{\sin(x)}{x}$

6. $y = x^4 - 2x^2$

II. Evaluate the following limits:

7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{9-x}{3-\sqrt{x}}$

8. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(5x)}{x}$

9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-1}{x-1}$

III.

10. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = \sqrt{x} + 2$ at the point where $(1, 3)$.

IV. Sketch each of the following and find the indicated limits.

11. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1}$ of the following:

$$y = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x > 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } x = 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } x < 1. \end{cases}$$

12. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+}$ of the following:

$$y = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x > 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } x = 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } x < 1. \end{cases}$$

13. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1}$ of the following:

$$y = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x > 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } x = 1 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x < 1. \end{cases}$$

V. Sketch the graph and then use the definition of continuity to discuss the continuity at $x = 2$.

14. $f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 3 & \text{if } x \geq 2 \\ x^2 - 2x - 1 & \text{if } x < 2 \end{cases}$

15. Define P such that the following function is continuous at $x = 3$.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{(x^2 - 9)}{4x - 12} & \text{if } x \neq 3 \\ P & \text{if } x = 3 \end{cases}$$

VI.

16. Using first principles(the definition of the derivative) find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 0$ for $y = x^2$

VII.

17. The position of a particle is given by $s = t^2 - 8t$

a. Find the velocity at any time t .

b. When does the particle hit the ground and with what speed is the particle at rest?