I. Differentiate each of the following:

- 1. $\tan^{-1}(e^x)$ that is $Arctan(e^x)$
- 2. $\sin^{-1}(1+x^2)$ that is $Arcsin(1+x^2)$)
- 3. e^{x^3+x}

II. Integrate each of the following:

- $1. \int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \ dx$
- 2. $\int \sec x \ dx$
- $3. \int \sin^2 x \ dx$
- 4. $\int \tan^3 x \ dx$
- 5. $\int x \sin(x) \, dx$
- $6. \int \frac{xdx}{(x^2+9)}$

$$7. \int \frac{dx}{(x^2+9)}$$

$$8. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^2}} \ dx$$

$$9. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{9-x^2}} \ dx$$

$$10. \int \frac{(\ln(x))}{x} dx$$

11.
$$\int \ln x \, dx$$

12.
$$\int xe^x dx$$

13.
$$\int xe^{x^2} dx$$

III. Discuss the graphs of the following as to where the function is inc/decr and conup/down find zero and assymptotes.

$$1. f(x) = xe^x$$