- 1. If Ω =the triangle whose vertices are:(0,0).(1,0),(1,1) and γ the boundary of Ω . Set $M(x,y)=-ye^x$ and $N(x,y)=xe^y$ Verify Green's Theorem
- 2. Find f(x,y) such that $\nabla f = F$ for each of the following:
- a.) F(x, y, z) = (yz, xz, xy)
- b.) $F(x, y, z) = ((\sec(x))^2, z, y + 2z)$
- 3.) For $F(x, y, z) = y\sin(z)i + x\sin(z)j + xy\cos(z)k$
- a.) Find $\nabla \cdot F$
- b.) Find $\nabla \times F$
- 4.) Evaluate $\int_C (x-y)dx + (x+y)dy$ where C is the unit square with a vertices at (0,0),(0,1),(1,0),(1,1)
- 5.) Find the area of a fence whose base is $y = x\sqrt(x)$ from (0,0) to (1,1) and whose height is given by the curve $x^3 y^2 + 27$.
- 6.) For $F = (3y 2x)i + (x^2 + y)j$, find the value of $\int_C F \cdot dr$ where C is the portion of the parabola $y = x^2$, directed from (-1, 1) to the origin.

7a.) Let C be the portion of $x^{\frac{2}{3}}+y^{\frac{2}{3}}=1$ from (1,0) to (0,1), which can parameterized by $x=(\cos(t))^3$ and $y=(\sin(t))^3$ as t increases form 0 to $\pi/2$. Evaluate $\int_C (y\cos(xy)-1)dx+(1+x\cos(xy))dy$.

7b.) Let C be the curve which can parameterized by $x=(te^(1-t))$ and $y=(\arcsin(t))$ as t increases form 0 to 1. Evaluate $\int_C e^x(\sin(y)dx+\cos(y)dy)$

8.) Let C be the triangle with vertices $\{(0,0),(2,0),(2,2)\}$. Evaluate $\int_C (e^{2x}-y)dx+(2x+y\sqrt(y))dy$

9.) p. 1132 ex 1 and 5