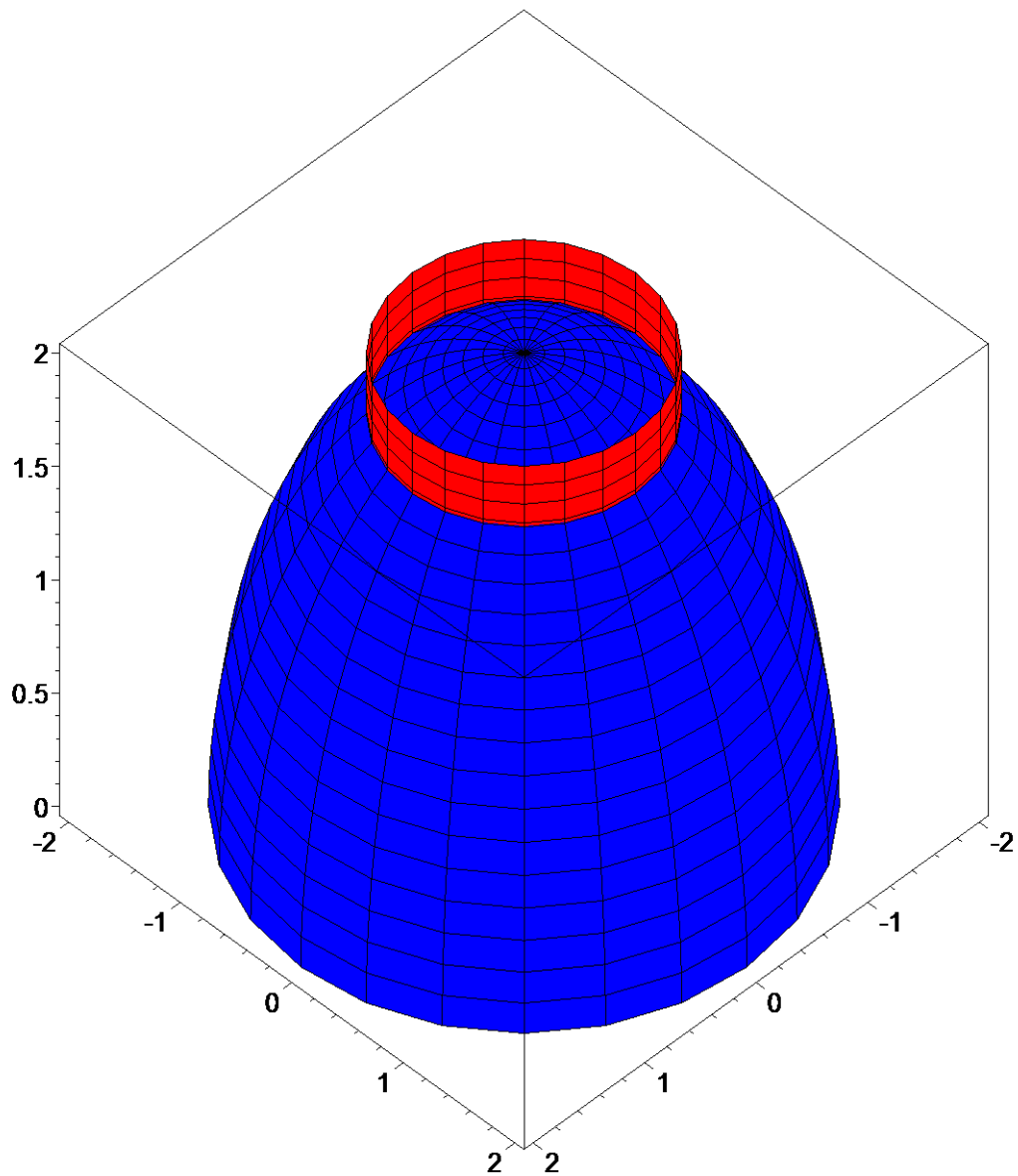


```
> restart:with(student):  
  with(plots):# solutions hw P 11127 in reverse order  
Warning, the name changecoords has been redefined  
[ > #61  
[ > A1:= plot3d(2,theta=0..2*Pi,phi=0..Pi/2,  
  coords=spherical,color=blue, style=patch,axes = boxed):  
[ > A2:= plot3d(1,theta=0..2*Pi,z=0..2, coords=cylindrical,  
  color=red,style=patch,axes = boxed):  
  
[ > display3d(A1,A2);
```



```

> 4*(Int(Int(Int(rho^2 * sin(phi), rho=0..2),phi=0 ..Pi/6),
theta=0..Pi/2) + Int(Int(Int(rho^2 * sin(phi),
rho=0..csc(phi)),phi=Pi/6 ..Pi/2), theta=0..Pi/2))
=4*(int(int(int(rho^2 * sin(phi), rho=0..2),phi=0 ..Pi/6),
theta=0..Pi/2) +int(int(int(rho^2 * sin(phi),
rho=0..csc(phi)),phi=Pi/6 ..Pi/2), theta=0..Pi/2))
;

```

$$4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \int_0^2 \rho^2 \sin(\phi) d\rho d\phi d\theta + 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{\csc(\phi)} \rho^2 \sin(\phi) d\rho d\phi d\theta = -2\sqrt{3}\pi + \frac{16}{3}\pi$$

```
> 4*Int(Int(Int(r, z=0..sqrt(4-r^2)),r=0 .. 1), theta=0..Pi/2)
=4*int(int(int(r, z=0..sqrt(4-r^2)),r=0 .. 1), theta=0..Pi/2);
```

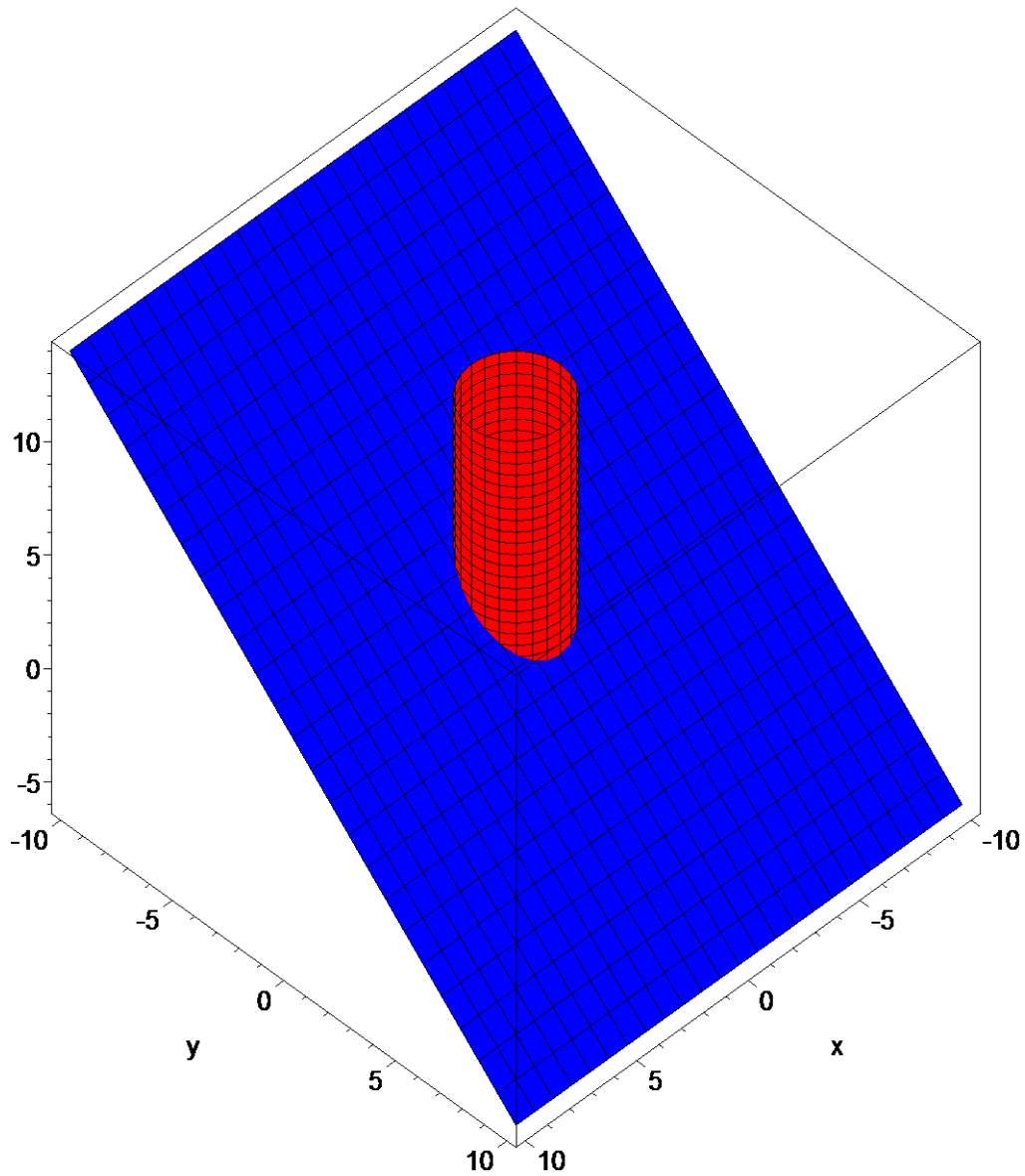
$$4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-r^2}} r dz dr d\theta = -2\sqrt{3}\pi + \frac{16}{3}\pi$$

```
> #57
```

```
> A1:= plot3d(4-y,x=-10..10,y=-10..10, color=blue, style=patch,axes
= boxed):
```

```
> A2:= plot3d(2,theta=0..2*Pi,z=0..12, coords=cylindrical,
color=red,style=patch,axes = boxed):
```

```
> display3d(A1,A2);
```



```
> Int(Int(Int(1, z=0..4-y), x=-sqrt(4-y^2) .. sqrt(4-y^2)), y=-2..2)
= int(int(int(1, z=0..4-y), x=-sqrt(4-y^2) .. sqrt(4-y^2)),
y=-2..2);
# or
```

$$\int_{-2}^2 \int_{-\sqrt{4-y^2}}^{\sqrt{4-y^2}} \int_0^{4-y} 1 \, dz \, dx \, dy = 16\pi$$

```
> Int(Int(Int(r, z=0..4- r*sin(theta)), r= 0 ..2), theta=0 ..2*Pi) =
int(int(int(r, z=0..4- r*sin(theta)), r= 0 ..2), theta=0 ..2*Pi);
```

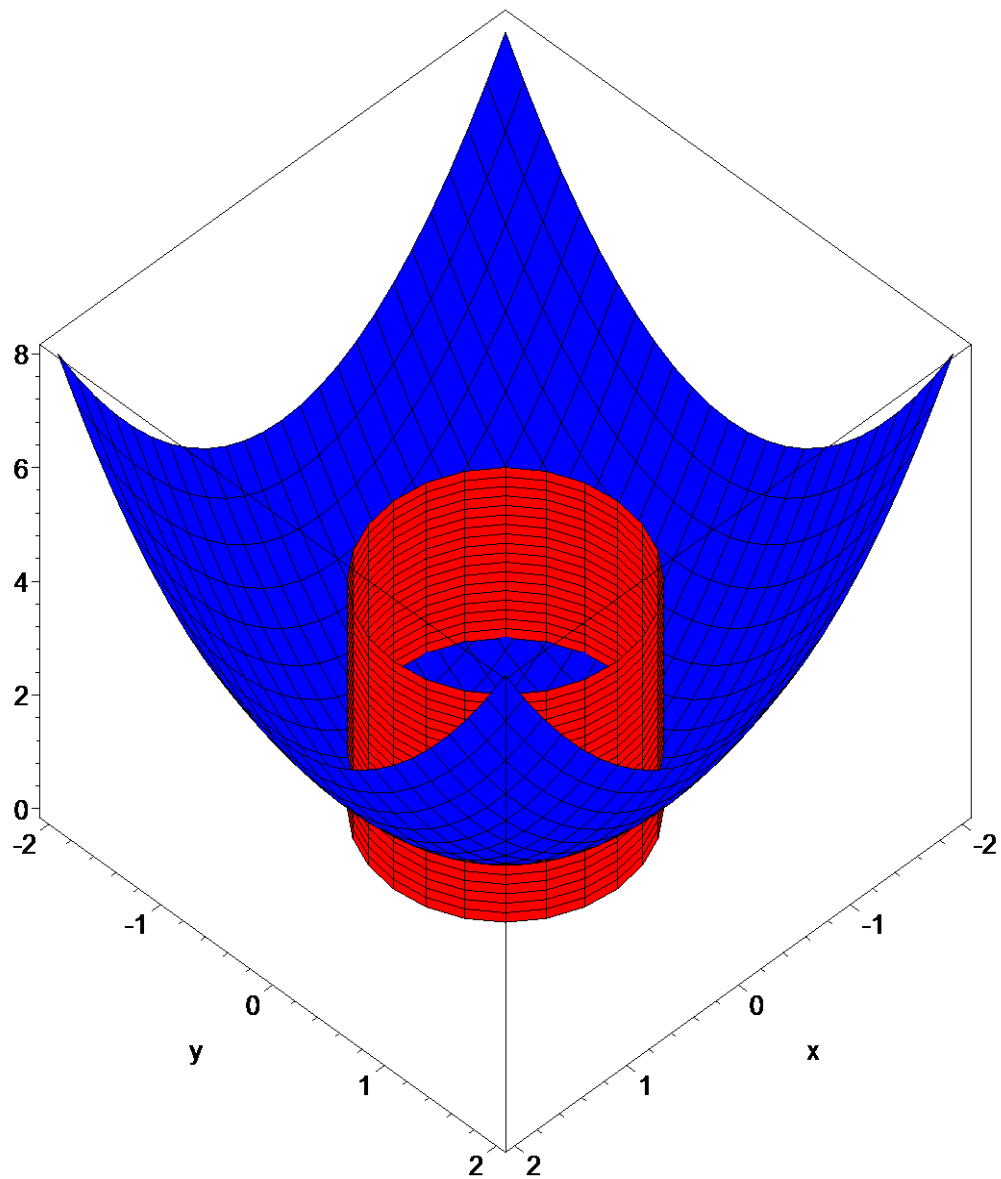
$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \int_0^{4-r\sin(\theta)} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta = 16\pi$$

```
> #53
```

```
> A1:= plot3d(x^2+y^2,x=-2..2,y=-2..2, color=blue, style=patch,axes  
= boxed):
```

```
> A2:= plot3d(1,theta=0..2*Pi,z=0..4, coords=cylindrical,  
color=red,style=patch,axes = boxed):
```

```
> display3d(A1,A2);
```



```
> 4*Int(Int(Int(1, z=0..x^2+y^2),x=0 .. sqrt(1-y^2)), y=0..1)
= 4*int(int(int(1, z=0..x^2+y^2),x=0 .. sqrt(1-y^2)), y=0..1) ;#
or
```

$$4 \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \int_0^{x^2+y^2} 1 \, dz \, dx \, dy = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

```
> 4*Int(Int(Int(r, z=0..r^2),r= 0 ..1), theta=0 ..Pi/2) =
4*int(int(int(r, z=0..r^2),r= 0 ..1), theta=0 ..Pi/2) ;
```

$$4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^1 \int_0^{r^2} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

```
[ > #49 let a be 1
```

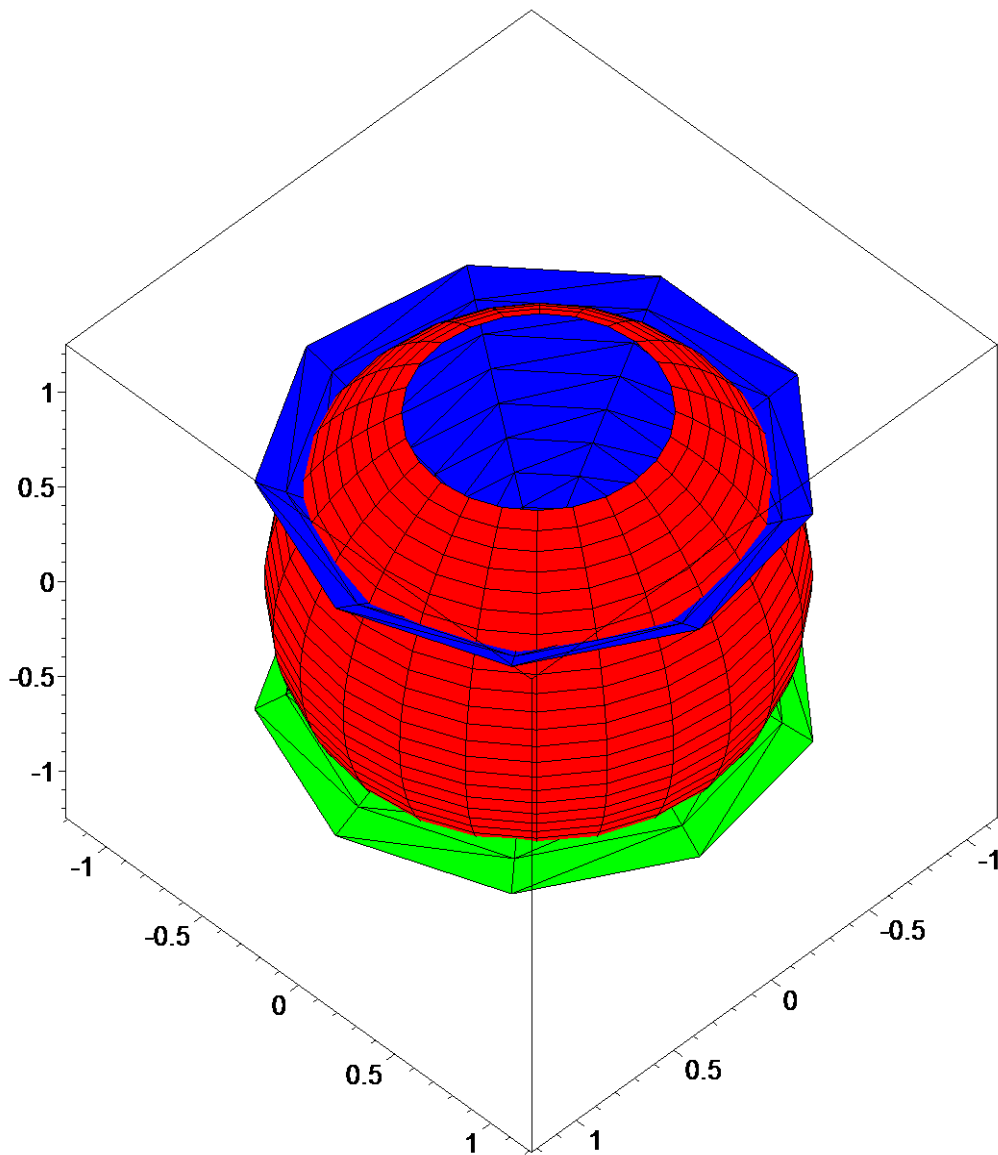
```
[ > a:= 1 :
```

```
[ > A1:= plot3d(a,theta=0..2*Pi,phi=Pi/6..3*Pi/4, coords= spherical,  
color=red,style=patch,axes = boxed):
```

```
[ > A2:=implicitplot3d(phi = Pi/3, rho = 0 ..  
1.2,theta=0..2*Pi,phi=0..Pi,coords= spherical,  
color=blue,style=patch,axes = boxed):
```

```
[ > A3:= implicitplot3d(phi = 2*Pi/3,rho = 0 ..  
1.2,theta=0..2*Pi,phi=0..Pi, coords= spherical, color=  
green,style=patch,axes = boxed):
```

```
[ > display3d(A1,A2,A3);
```



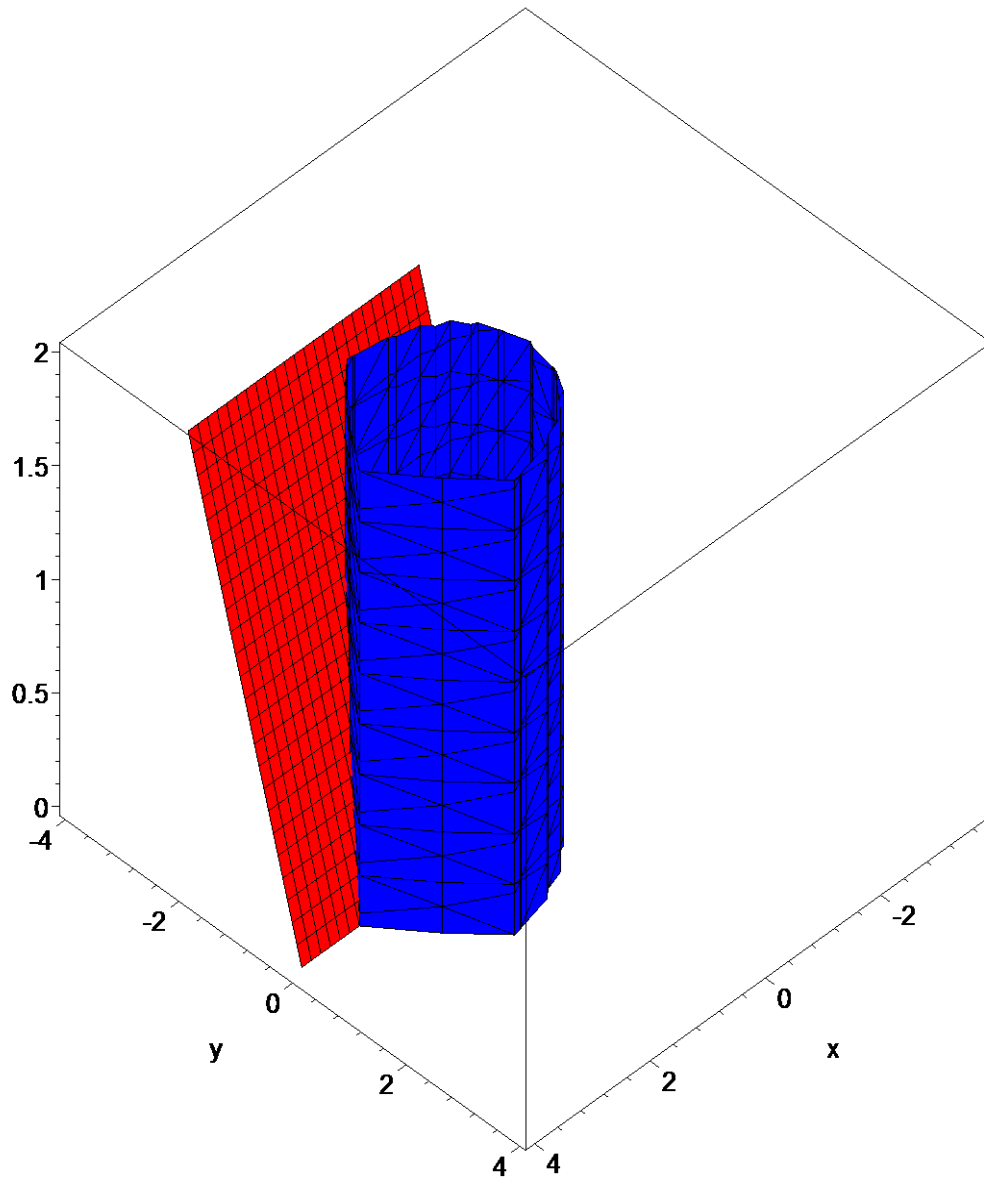
```
> Int(Int(Int(rho^2 * sin(phi), rho=0..1), phi= Pi/3 .. 2*Pi/3),
theta=0..2*Pi)
= int(int(int(rho^2 * sin(phi), rho=0..1), phi=Pi/3 ..2*Pi/3),
theta=0..2*Pi);
```

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} \int_0^1 \rho^2 \sin(\phi) d\rho d\phi d\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

```
> #45
```



```
> A1:= plot3d(-y,x=0 .. 4, y= -2 .. 0, color=red,style=patch,axes =  
boxed):  
  
> A2:=implicitplot3d(r=3*cos(theta), r = 0 .. 4,theta=0..2*Pi,z=0 ..  
2,coords= cylindrical, color=blue,style=patch,axes = boxed):  
  
> display3d(A1,A2);
```



```
> Int(Int(Int(r,z=0..-r*sin(theta)), r=0..3*cos(theta)),
theta=3*Pi/2..2*Pi)
= int(int(int(r,z=0..-r*sin(theta)), r=0..3*cos(theta)),
theta=3*Pi/2..2*Pi); # or
```

$$\int_{\frac{3\pi}{2}}^{2\pi} \int_0^{3\cos(\theta)} \int_0^{-r\sin(\theta)} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta = \frac{9}{4}$$

```
> Int(Int(Int(1,z=0..-y), y=-sqrt(3*x-x^2).. 0), x=0.. 3)=
int(int(int(1,z=0..-y), y=-sqrt(3*x-x^2)..0), x=0.. 3) ;
```

[
[>

$$\int_0^3 \int_{-\sqrt{3x-x^2}}^0 \int_0^{-y} 1 \, dz \, dy \, dx = \frac{9}{4}$$